

Greenville Journal.

E. C. OTWELL, Ed. and Pub.

GREENVILLE, S. C. OCTOBER 28, 1935.

Men's Beauty Show.

The beauty show for men at the Victoria pier, Folkestone, continues to be the chief subject of conversation in the town and its vicinity, says the London Mail. There are many aspirants and many inquiries, but with the exception of a courageous few the would-be exhibitors hesitate to face a great audience even for five minutes. Councillor Forsyth, who is responsible for the show, has decided that only facial beauty can be considered in the matter of awarding prizes. In view of this, he has arranged for a huge gilt frame draped with black velvet to be erected. In an opening in this frame only the head and face will be allowed to appear. Councillor Forsyth, in answer to inquiries by the Daily Mail, wishes it to be widely known that, with the full approval of his colleagues, he has decided to make the competition open to all England. The judging will be by the audience, and the scrutiny of votes by women. Several local "beauties," in order to gain chest measurement, are training with dumbbells. Others are giving over flesh for a fruit diet, and many are taking a course of Turkish and other baths in order to get into form. The greatest obstacle to many is the lack of moral courage to face an audience.

Cost of Milk.

The president of a New York dairy concern gives the following itemized statement of the cost of milk: "We have been paying the farmers three and one-half to four cents for milk, and after the first of October will have to pay four to four and one-quarter. It costs a cent a bottle freight to bring it from the farm to the city. It costs half a cent a bottle for cleaning, filling and icing. It costs another three-eighths of a cent a bottle to haul it from the depot to the wholesale house. That means that it costs practically six and one-quarter cents a bottle to put the milk in the delivery wagon. Out of the balance we have to pay drivers, inspectors and bear other expenses. There is really little or no money in the milk business." He might have added the cost of bottles that customers fail to return and that refuse to pay for—an item by no means small. The wonder is to people who read such a hard-luck tale as this—and producers and dealers of almost any variety of farm product that can be named can put up a story to match it—that all agricultural pursuits are not abandoned. Somehow or other, though, they go on, with everybody concerned showing signs of prosperity. Quaver it?

The director of the Trans-Caucasian railway, Col. Neigebauer, has issued the following curious order: "In the course of six months of the current year 20 officials of the Trans-Caucasian line have perished by violent deaths. Ten among them were of the highest ranks in the service and 20 in the lower ranks. Although it has now become customary to ascribe these appalling murders to revolutionary organizations, there are grounds for suspecting a majority have been caused by a desire to see situations vacant. In order that such villainous proceedings may bring no profit to their authors, I have found it necessary to order that all vacancies on the line which have resulted from officials having suffered violent death shall not be filled by candidates from among local officials, but by persons transferred from the railways in European Russia. I give this notice as a guide to future action."

According to the latest Chinese official investigation the total number of Chinese in other countries is as follows, not including the students: Japan, 17,673; Russia Asia, 37,000; Hongkong, 314,291; Siam, 2,756,000; Burma, 131,500; Java, 1,825,000; Australia, 34,465; Europe, 1,760; Korea, 11,200; Formosa, 74,500; Malaya, 1,023,500; Annam, 197,500; the Philippines, 33,785; Africa, 8,200; America, 272,829. Total, 6,793,531.

Salt water, so strengthening ordinarily, is most weakening when too warm. On most ocean boats there is an abundance of warm water in the bath rooms, and the daily salt bath is a great tonic, but beware of getting too hot. It will turn you faint if you do, even if you are accustomed to an equally high temperature in fresh water at home.

It is a lot better to be a model husband and get the dinner when wife is at her club than to be a shocking example of the other kind of husband who shows up in the divorce court and has a weakness for throwing dinner plates at his life partner.

Sir Thomas will have to do better than a 68-foot boat if he wants to do any America's cup racing. It is probable, however, he could be accommodated on a proposition to race gasoline launches for a purse.

A Brazilian merchant has arrived in this country with a box of cigars for Grover Cleveland, which he promised to the sage of Princeton 24 years ago, while the latter was governor of New York. Grover will forgive him for the delay if the cigars are good, since they have still to be smoked.

A Nashville man who was too liberal with his church gifts has been arrested for stealing over \$7,000 from an express car. In this case charity merely uncovered a multitude of sins.

MINOR BANKS CLOSE

GENERAL FINANCIAL SITUATION IS ENCOURAGING.

ALL PROBABLY SOLVENT

Savings Concerns Certainly Are Sound—Stock Exchange Provided with Ample Funds for the Present.

New York.—Friday was another nerve-racking day, but the financial institutions of New York showed extraordinary power of resistance to the pressure put upon them. While it is true that several minor institutions have been forced to close their doors, yet two things should be said about them—first, that the amount involved was not so great as to exert any marked influence on the general situation, as these banks were located in residential quarters and did not come into touch with the larger financial institutions of the metropolis, and second, there is every reason to believe that these banks and trust companies are entirely solvent, and their difficulties will prove to be only temporary and due entirely to inability to secure ready cash on the gilt-edged securities in their vaults.

The institutions which closed their doors Friday, with the sums due depositors, were: The United States Exchange bank, Harlem, \$600,000; International Trust company, about \$100,000; the Borough Bank of Brooklyn, \$1,000,000; the Brooklyn bank, \$2,300,000; Williamsburg Trust company, Brooklyn, \$7,500,000, and the First National Bank of Brooklyn, \$3,500,000.

In the light of the general excitement the savings banks thought it wise to put into effect the rule requiring 30 to 60 days' notice for the withdrawal of deposits. There was not the slightest hint that any of the savings institutions was in anything but the soundest condition.

The most favorable incident of the day was that the stock exchange was provided with funds ample to meet its immediate necessities by the money pool headed by J. Pierpont Morgan, which sent about \$15,000,000 to the exchange during the afternoon. The stock market had held relatively firm all day, but when the pool money was offered in the loan corner there was an immediate upturn of prices and the market closed strong at the best prices of the day.

Crisis Believed Over.

New York.—As a result of Thursday's developments in the financial world there is every indication that the crisis in the banking and trust company situation has been safely passed. The Trust Company of America all through the day's banking hours paid out money to depositors as rapidly as possible and closed with all demands having been met. A very favorable feature of the situation respecting this company was that it was able to make its payments with very little assistance, and another was that the company received over its counters in the morning hours in ordinary deposits more than \$1,000,000.

Three Small Banks Suspend.

The day was marked by three noteworthy episodes. First and earliest in the day came the announcement of trouble in three minor state banks in Harlem—the Hamilton bank, the Twelfth Ward bank and the Empire City Savings bank. These banks transacted only a neighborhood business and their suspension of payment was absolutely without significance as bearing on the general situation. The Empire City Savings bank was controlled by a Tammany Hall politician, and its business operations were confined to a small area.

Although these banks were obliged to close because of lack of ready cash, State Bank Examiner Judson declared that all three were solvent and that their depositors would lose nothing.

The second episode was a run in the afternoon against the Lincoln Trust company. The run was steady throughout the day, but the sums withdrawn were not large. It is an upstart institution, with a great many women depositors, and carried mainly personal household accounts. At the close of the day the company's officials announced that they were fully able to meet all obligations.

Colorado Statute Held Void.

St. Paul, Minn.—The United States circuit court of appeals Friday handed down a decision that the Colorado statute prohibiting any foreign corporation from prosecuting or defending a suit in that state unless it has paid an annual license of two cents for each \$1,000 of capital stock is unconstitutional if literally interpreted as to any corporation engaged in interstate commerce.

Utes Kill Sergeant Baker.

St. Paul, Minn.—A special from Sturgis, S. D., says that Sgt. Baker, in charge of the distribution of rations to the Ute Indians on the Cheyenne river reservation, has been killed.

Jailed for Publishing Untruth.

Odessa.—M. Inber, political editor of the Odessa Novost, has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment in a fortress by the court at Elizabetgrad on the charge of having published an untrue statement.

Winona Lumber Mill Burns.

Winona, Minn.—Fire which started in the heart of the manufacturing district at five o'clock Thursday afternoon destroyed the lumber yards and mill of the Schroth & Ahrens Milling company. Loss is \$100,000.

President Back at White House.

Washington.—President Roosevelt reached the White House from his southern trip Wednesday afternoon. He expressed himself as thoroughly pleased with his trip but glad to be at home again.

Helen Gould at Leavenworth.

Leavenworth, Kan.—Miss Helen M. Gould was present Wednesday at the dedication services of the new army Y. M. C. A. building at Fort Leavenworth, given to the soldiers by Miss Gould.

INSURANCE MAN CONVICTED

DR. WALTER R. GILLETTE IS FOUND GUILTY OF PERJURY.

Jury Suggests Mercy—First Conviction Resulting from Legislative Inquiry.

New York.—The first conviction in the cases based on the disclosures in the legislative investigation of insurance affairs in 1905-1906 was obtained by the district attorney's office Thursday night when a jury in the criminal branch of the supreme court found Dr. Walter R. Gillette, former vice president of the Mutual Life Insurance company, guilty of perjury in the third degree.

The verdict was accompanied with a recommendation for mercy. The maximum penalty for this degree of perjury is ten years' imprisonment.

Upon the report of the jury counsel for Gillette moved for a certificate of reasonable doubt and an arrest of judgment. Justice Dowling announced that he would hear the motion next Monday and in the meantime remanded Dr. Gillette to the toms. During the trial the defendant had been at liberty under \$10,000 bond.

The jury was out one hour and 25 minutes. Dr. Gillette is 67 years of age and is well known in medicine from the practice of which he retired some years ago. He was born in Philadelphia.

The specific charge upon which Dr. Gillette was found guilty was that he had testified falsely before the grand jury on May 24, at which time he was vice president of the Mutual. The indictment alleged that Gillette, under examination by District Attorney Jerome, stated that certain moneys in the Dobbs Ferry bank were his personal funds, and that subsequently under a cross-examination he admitted the funds were really the property of the Mutual Life.

WESTINGHOUSE COMPANIES HIT.

Go Into Receivers' Hands Because of Money Market Stringency.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A flurry in local financial circles, caused by the embarrassment of four concerns of the Westinghouse interests, was quickly ended here Wednesday by the prompt action of the Pittsburg Clearing House association and the Pittsburg stock exchange.

The Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing company, the Westinghouse Machine company and the Security Investment company, a holding company for the Westinghouse interests, were put in the hands of receivers appointed by Judge Ewing of the United States circuit court. The Pittsburg stock exchange was closed promptly.

Statements issued by George Westinghouse, prominent bankers, officers of the stock exchange and the clearing house committee show conclusively that the financial situation here is sound, and there is no danger. The sever stringency of the money market is alone responsible for the Westinghouse difficulties. The solvency of the embarrassed companies is not questioned.

CALABRIAN TOWNS RUINED.

Tremendous Damage Wrought by Earthquake in Italy.

Rome.—The details received here Thursday regarding the earthquake Wednesday in every way tend to show that the damage done was much more extensive than at first estimated but that the loss of life has not been great. The lowest estimates place the number of killed at about 20 and the highest at 120.

The pope, when informed Thursday morning of the destruction, was much distressed and said with tears in his eyes: "Are we having a repetition of the disaster of 1907? God help the poor souls!"

The pontiff has decided to send a sum of money for the relief of the sufferers.

Details of the earthquake show that the shocks were especially severe in the southern end of the Calabrian peninsula, but throughout Calabria there are scenes of desolation and despair. The first shock was a tremendous one and was followed by two others of longer duration, which entirely destroyed two villages and reduced many homes in several others to a mass of ruins.

Soldiers Honor Miss Gould.

Fort Leavenworth, Kan.—Miss Helen Miller Gould was accorded the honors of a general officer of the American army by the officers and enlisted men of Fort Leavenworth in the review of troops Thursday. She appreciated the compliment, the first of its kind ever paid to a woman at this post. As the soldiers marched by the reviewing point, the command was given "Eyes right." They turned their heads and looked into the smiling face of Miss Gould. She showed plainly that she felt the high compliment.

Bush Offers Balloon Race Cup.

St. Louis.—In a letter addressed to G. H. Walker, Adolphus Bush announced Friday that he will offer a cup valued at \$1,000 as the trophy for a balloon race to be held here next year.

Col. Stephen L. Littler Dies.

Springfield, Ill.—Col. Stephen L. Littler, a capitalist, died Friday of typhoid fever, aged 37 years. During Gov. Tanner's administration he was a member of the governor's personal staff.

French Ensign Arrested as Spy.

Toulon.—Ensign Charles B. Ulmo, of the French navy, was arrested here Thursday, charged with being a spy. He confessed to having abstracted a secret signal book and the naval cipher.

Dynamite Explosion Kills Four.

Ashland, Wis.—A mixing mill of the Atlantic Dynamite company, about six miles from here, blew up on Thursday. 200 pounds of glycerin exploding. Four men were killed and many injured.

GOING INTO THE TRUST SUBJECT.



A SECOND DREYFUS AFFAIR

FRENCH NAVY AND ARMY OFFICERS ARRESTED AS TRAITORS.

One Confesses—Possessed Many Naval Secrets and Tried to Blackmail Minister of Marine.

Paris.—The arrest of Ensign Charles B. Ulmo, of the French navy, at Toulon Thursday, on the charge of being a spy and his confession to having abstracted a secret naval signal book and the naval cipher code, was followed Friday by the arrest at Vendome of an officer named Berton, who is charged with negotiations with an agent of a foreign power for the sale of military secrets.

The arrests are creating a great stir, and as Ulmo is a Hebrew, the papers term his case a second Dreyfus affair.

It appears that Ulmo offered certain documents to the minister of marine for \$30,000, saying that unless his offer was accepted he would sell them to a foreign power. A dummy correspondence was begun, ending with Ulmo's capture.

A search of his lodgings revealed that he not only possessed the secret code signals, but was in possession of complete plans for the mobilization of the French navy, the location of harbor mines in the event of war, photographs of the mechanism of France's famous 75-millimeter field gun, etc.

The cases of Ulmo and Berton added importance to the debate which opened in the chamber of deputies Friday afternoon on the interpellations regarding the state of the national defenses, in connection with the charges made in the book entitled "Are We Defeated?" recently published by Charles Humbert, an ex-army captain and staff officer of former War Minister Andre, and the magazine article on the same subject of which Gen. Langlois is the author.

M. Gauchier and Lesclapart, authors of interpellations, spoke at length on the dissemination said to exist in the army, citing statements made by M. Humbert and Gen. Langlois and contending that this deplorable condition of affairs was the result of the anti-military propaganda and the political favoritism introduced since the days of Gen. Andre.

COOKE AND M'REYNOLDS LOSE.

Illinois Supreme Court Confirms Conviction of Two Chicagoans.

Springfield, Ill.—The decision of the appellate court affirming the decision of the criminal court of Cook county, which found John A. Cooke guilty of embezzlement while acting as circuit clerk of Cook county, and sentenced him to imprisonment in the penitentiary, was affirmed by the supreme court Thursday.

The supreme court also affirmed the judgment of the criminal court of Cook county, which found George S. McReynolds guilty of embezzlement and sentenced him to the penitentiary. McReynolds had issued warehouse certificates against grain owned by himself and his own elevator, and deposited the receipts as collateral for money borrowed from banks on the grain, and when the receipts were returned there was no grain in the warehouse.

College Weather Bureau Planned.

Milwaukee.—A weather bureau, comparable to that of the United States government, is to be established by Marquette college of this city. The Alumni association has pledged itself to raise the necessary funds, and Rev. James McGeary, who recently came from Manila to take the chair of physics and astronomy at the college and who is one of the best known weather observers in the country, will take charge of the service.

Short Strike in New Orleans.

New Orleans.—Ten thousand cotton and freight handlers went on a strike which lasted four and one-half hours here Friday. They were the men who returned to work in the morning after nearly a month-long sympathetic strike against local steamship interests. Friday's strike was also sympathetic, called because part of the returning men refused to sign a three-year contract with the Illinois Central railroad. The trouble was settled by the railroad's withdrawing its demand.

Lusitania Makes New Record.

Queenstown.—The Cunard line steamer Lusitania arrived here at 9:30 Thursday evening. She has broken the best previous eastern record from New York to Queenstown, which was 5 days, 4 hours and 19 minutes. Her time of passage was 4 days, 22 hours and 46 minutes.

Panama Dentist a Suicide.

Panama.—Dr. F. O. Gross, of Oregon, a prominent dentist and for many years a resident of the isthmus, committed suicide here Thursday.

GERMANY WINS BALLOON RACE.

Pommern Captures Bennett Cup, Traveling 880 Miles.

St. Louis.—Proclaimed as the most remarkable ballooning contest in the history of the world's aeronautics, with every racing record broken, the second international cup competition, which started from here on Monday last, ended Wednesday, with Germany accorded the winning laurels.

The finish of the race was the closest and most exciting the followers of the sport have ever known, the victorious German balloon, the Pommern, which landed at Asbury Park Wednesday morning, having but slightly more than five miles the advantage of the French contestant, L'Isle de France, second in the race, which descended during the afternoon at Herbertsville, N. J., a few miles from the Atlantic coast and slightly northwest of Point Pleasant.

Another German balloon, the Dusseldorf, stands third in the race. American entries are fourth and fifth, a third German team is sixth, a French team seventh, American eighth and English ninth.

The unofficial estimated airline flight of the Pommern is 880 miles, and that of the L'Isle de France is 875.

HELPED WIFE COMMIT SUICIDE.

James Wardell, of New York, Convicted of Manslaughter.

New York.—Charged with having aided his wife Laura to commit suicide on June 7 last, James Wardell Friday was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree. Wardell's defense was that his wife had committed suicide without his knowledge. The woman was found dead with a bullet wound in her head, but an autopsy showed that she had died from gas asphyxiation and that the bullet was fired into her body after death. Wardell, who is 23 years old, was remanded for sentence on Thursday next.

ALFONSO HAS TUBERCULOSIS.

King of Spain Will Consult Specialist in London.

Madrid.—The alarming reports circulated earlier in the month regarding the health of King Alfonso appear to be confirmed. It is understood the king, who will travel under the strict incognito as duke of Toledo during his coming visit to London, will submit to the examination of a specialist in tuberculosis, from which disease his father died. The king's open air life thus far has kept the hereditary disposition in abeyance and an operation was performed on him recently in the hope of checking the growing symptoms of consumption.

Liner Breaks Rudder at Sea.

New York.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which sailed from here Tuesday, broke her rudder while just east of the Grand Banks of New Foundland, approaching midocean Friday. She proceeded, steering with her screws. The steamer is due in Plymouth Monday, but may be somewhat delayed by the accident, which, however, is not considered serious.

Automobile Kills \$8,000 Horse.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A horse valued at \$8,000 by its owner, H. Vervack, of Buffalo, N. Y., sent here for the horse show, which will open next week, had to be shot Friday after an automobile had struck it, breaking both hind legs.

Kiowa Indian Agent Selected.

Washington.—After a conference with the president Thursday, Secretary Lieftinck announced he would offer Leif Stecker, of the Philippine scouts, the office of agent at the Kiowa Indian reservation.

Brunagh Arrested in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich.—Deputy Sheriff Clay of Indianapolis arrested Friday afternoon at the Hotel Cadillac, Henry P. Brunagh, said to be wanted in Indianapolis to answer to a charge in connection with a recent paving investigation in that city.

Iowa Central Shops Burned.

Marshalltown, Ia.—Fire Friday night destroyed the Iowa Central car shops, paint shops, machinery, stock, coaches, box and flat cars and lumber, entailing a loss of \$100,000.

Olives Stolen Treasures.

Paris.—M. Lannoy, one of the anti-robbers charged by Antoine Thomas with having instigated some of the recent church robberies, Wednesday handed over to the authorities stolen treasures for which he claims he paid Thomas \$4,400.

Bulgarians Burn Greek Village.

Athens.—News was received here Wednesday from Saloniki to the effect that a Bulgarian band October 21 burned the Greek village of Rakon, near Monastir.

BOASTS OF HIS EXPLOITS

AND SEEMS PROUD OF HIS HICENIARY ACTS.

Ludwig, Charged With Starting a Score of Fires, Gives All the Details.

New York, Oct. 28.—John Ludwig, the self-confessed Brooklyn firebug, against whom there are charged more than 20 fires and who is now in Rikers island street jail, Brooklyn, will be examined to determine his sanity. From a superficial examination he presents a picture of a perfectly developed case of pyromania. With his pockets stuffed with pictures of fires cut from the magazines he discussed some of his exploits and seemed proud of them.

Ludwig says that he is 28 years old. In appearance he is at least 35. He is a blond with a subdued expression. His eyes are full, except when he is speaking of a fire. Then they shine.

"I don't remember my first fire," he said. "My first series were set during a time I was out of work. I don't know what made me start these fires. I can't explain it, only there seemed something in me that compelled me to do it. They can lock me up for 40 years and then if I get out it would be the same. I'd have to set fire to something. I ought to be treated for it. I am not insane. I can talk to you intelligently enough, as I am doing; but there's something wrong with me."

"After I had started making fires I was obliged to do something for a living. So I began to go into unoccupied houses—these houses are usually unlocked in Brooklyn during the day; I never set a fire at night—and unscrew faucets and steam radiator valves, which I would sell. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the hour at which I arrived home when I was working at my trade, I would be with my wife and family. But that wasn't the reason I set fire to the houses. Except in a few cases I took care that nobody would be injured and that very little damage would be done."

"Among the early series of fires that I started was one in 159 Lefferts street. I started it in the garret with some paper and rubbish and then I ran around to an engine house in the neighborhood and told them that there was a fire in the vicinity. I came back with the engine. I never saw firemen so puzzled. There was nothing in the house but smoke. They couldn't find the fire. Finally I was obliged to show it to them. I went upstairs and then called down to them that it was in the garret."

"But that fire in 37th street was a good one. I started it in the middle of three houses in the attic. The house was unoccupied. Then after looking at it for a while, as was usual with me, I went to the nearest box and sent in the alarm. Well, that time the firemen were just 15 minutes getting there. I thought that they would never come. After the houses on either side of the burning house caught and the people in them began to throw their things out of the windows I went to a telephone and called up the fire people."

"But there is one thing that I can say. I tried not to have anybody hurt. When I set fire to my own house I never went out of the neighborhood, though I did go out of the cellar to tell the people in the store that there was a fire."

FIREMAN KILLED IN WRECK.

Passenger Train Crashes Into Freight Engine Near Dallas.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 28.—The Missouri, Kansas & Texas southbound passenger train, No. 207, heavily loaded with passengers coming to visit the Texas state fair, collided with a freight engine while running at full speed seven miles north of Dallas.

Fireman F. C. French, of Denison, was instantly killed and 40 or more persons were injured, some of whom it is thought will not recover.

Both of the engines were practically demolished. The baggage car was thrown up in the tender, the trucks of the coaches were turned almost completely around, the ends of three of them were stove in and the first two coaches were telescoped.

Burglars Steal Skeleton Tickets.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 28.—A burglary, thought at first of minor importance, developed into a crime that will annoy railroad officials for months to come. The Southern Pacific station at Santa Monica was robbed last Thursday night of skeleton tickets valued at over \$15,000, together with the stamps, punches and inkpads, which will enable the thieves to stamp hundreds of transcontinental railroad tickets. It is expected the tickets will be issued to the public through dishonest brokers.

Crushed Under Automobile.

Chicago, Oct. 28.—James Redick, chairman of the Republican county central committee and public administrator, was instantly killed by the overturning of an automobile in which he was riding, near Libertyville, a suburb of Chicago.

Balloon Trip Successful.

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 28.—The balloon known as Ben Franklin, having a gas capacity of 92,000 cubic feet and said to be the largest in the world, landed in Belchertown, after a successful trip from Philadelphia. The balloon carried five persons.

None Has \$30,000 Fire.

Tacoma, Wash., Oct. 28.—Fire at Nomo, Alaska, Friday, caused a property loss of about \$300,000. The second avenue office building of the Pioneer Mining Co. was among those destroyed, at a loss of \$50,000.

Prayed for Rain.

Bucharest, Oct. 28.—The distress resulting from the unprecedented drought caused a remarkable scene here. The bishops and all other clergy, together with many thousands of people, marched through the city praying for rain. All business was suspended.

Dynamite Explosion Kills Three.

Santa Barbara, Cal., Oct. 28.—Three men were killed at Santa Maria, in this county by the explosion of a charge of dynamite with which they were trying to dynamite the casing of the syndicate oil well.

Our Pattern Department

A CHARMING GOWN FOR THE HOUSE.



Pattern No. 5568.—This exceedingly attractive morning gown is quite simple, yet very graceful and becoming. It suggests the kimono in style, although slightly more fitted in the back. The front is laid in fine tucks in the upper part, and falls free from the shoulders, without closing, unless so desired, so that the garment may be easily slipped on and off. A fancifully shaped trimming band outlines the neck and front edges, the wide short sleeve being trimmed to correspond. The soft Japanese fabrics are the prettiest for a garment of this kind, but otherwise materials such as lawn, cashmere and cotton crepe are all suitable. For 36-inch bust measure seven yards of 36-inch material will be required. Sizes for 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure.

This pattern will be sent to you on receipt of 10 cents. Address all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give size and number of pattern wanted. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

No 5568.
SIZE.....
NAME.....
ADDRESS.....

A DAINTY NEGLIGEE.



Pattern No. 5936.—No woman can have too many of these pretty negligees, that are so simple to make, and yet are a comfort to the possessor. This one is charmingly graceful and answers all the requirements of such a garment, being easily slipped on and off. It is shown in a development of pink albatross with trimming band of floured silk. The front may be left to hang free from the yoke or the fullness may be held in place by a ribbon. The half-length sleeves are in flowing style, and finished in deep points on the lower edge. French flannel, chamois, Japanese silk and the flowered lawns are all good materials to use in the making. For 36-inch bust three yards of 36-inch material will be required. Sizes for 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure.

This pattern will be sent to you on receipt of 10 cents. Address all orders to the Pattern Department of this paper. Be sure to give size and number of pattern wanted. For convenience, write your order on the following coupon:

No 5936.
SIZE.....
NAME.....
ADDRESS.....

Circumstantial Evidence.

Willie—Mamma, I dreamt last night that I had a fight with a bear as big as a house, and he tore me 'most to